

### DESCRIPTION

The GLF1401 / GLF1403 is a dual channel integrated load switch with the VariRise™ technology which provides the programmable slew rate of variable output voltage rising times.

Each channel of the GLF1401 / GLF1403 operates independently over an input range from 0.6 V to 5.5 V and supports 6 A maximum continuous output current per channel. The GLF1401 / GLF1403 feature supports some of the lowest  $R_{ON}$ , quiescent currents ( $I_Q$ ) and shutdown currents ( $I_{SD}$ ) in the industry. Low  $R_{ON}$  reduces conduction losses, while low  $I_Q$  and  $I_{SD}$  solutions help designers to improve system efficiency.

The SR input pin allows the user to add an external capacitor to set the slew rate of the switch output voltage to a specific value for a given output capacitance. It limits inrush currents during turn-on, helping to minimize voltage drop.

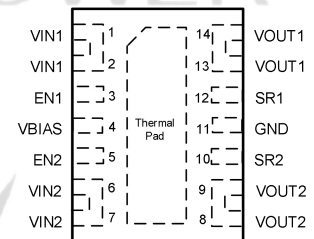
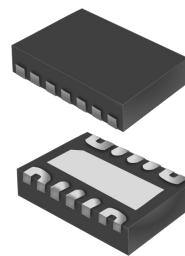
### APPLICATIONS

- Notebook and Computing Devices
- Communication / Network System
- Storage Devices

### FEATURES

- Input Voltage Range: 0.6 V to 5.5 V
- $V_{BIAS}$  Voltage Range: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- 6 A Continuous Output Current Per Channel
- Low  $R_{ON}$ : 19 m $\Omega$  Typ. at  $V_{IN} = V_{BIAS} = 5$  V
- Low Quiescent Current,  $I_{Q\_BIAS}$ 
  - 15  $\mu$ A Typ. at  $V_{IN1\ or\ 2} = V_{BIAS} = 5$  V, Single Channel
  - 18  $\mu$ A Typ. at  $V_{IN1\&2} = V_{BIAS} = 5$  V, Both Channel
- Low Shutdown Current of VIN,  $I_{SD\_VIN}$ 
  - 8 nA Typ. at  $V_{IN} = 5.5$  V, Per Channel
- Programmable VOUT Rising Time
- Output Discharge Switch When Disabled
- Reverse Current Blocking Protection When Disabled
- Thermal Shutdown Protection

### PACKAGE



TOP VIEW

2 mm x 3 mm DFN-14L

### APPLICATION DIAGRAM

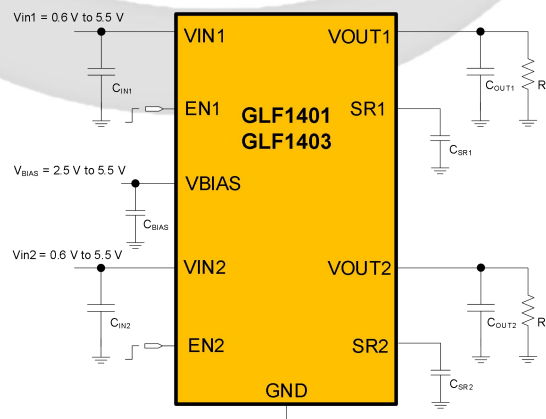
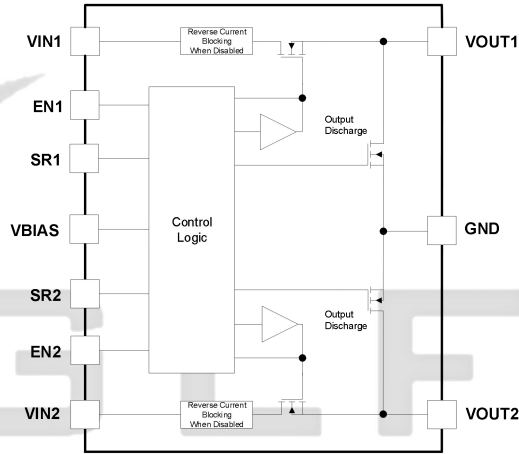


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

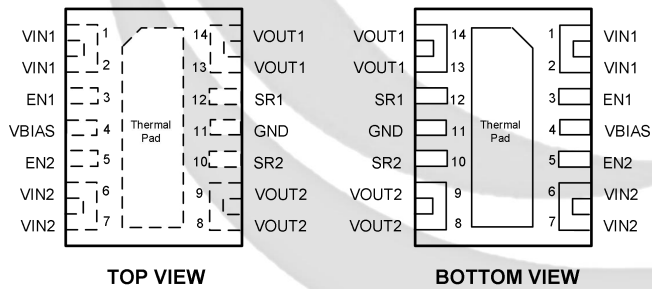
**DEVICE ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Top Mark	R <sub>ON</sub> (Typ) at 5 V <sub>IN</sub>	Output Discharge	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time, t <sub>R</sub> (Typ) at 5 V <sub>IN</sub>	EN Activity
GLF1401-D3G7	HD	19 mΩ	200 Ω	1.97 ms	High
GLF1403-D3G7	EG	19 mΩ	200 Ω	1 ms	High

**FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**PIN CONFIGURATION**



**PIN DEFINITION**

Pin No.	Name	Description
1, 2	VIN1	Switch 1 input.
3	EN1	Active high signal to enable switch 1 V <sub>EN</sub> is recommended to be same as V <sub>BIAS</sub> or no more than 1 V lower
4	VBIAS	Supply voltage for IC
5	EN2	Active high signal to enable switch 2 V <sub>EN</sub> is recommended to be same as V <sub>BIAS</sub> or no more than 1 V lower
6, 7	VIN2	Switch 2 input.
8, 9	VOUT2	Switch 2 output
10	SR2	Switch 2 slew rate control, connect external capacitor
11	GND	Ground
12	SR1	Switch 1 slew rate control, connect external capacitor
13, 14	VOUT1	Switch 1 output
	Thermal pad	Tie to GND

Figure 2. 2 mm x 3 mm DFN-14L

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
$V_{IN}, V_{OUT}, V_{EN}, V_{BIAS}$	Each Pin to GND	-0.3	6	V
$I_{OUT}$	Maximum Continuous Switch Current		6	A
$T_{STG}$	Storage Junction Temperature	-65	150	°C
$T_J$	Operating Temperature Range		150	°C
$\theta_{JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (Bottom)		10	°C/W
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient		51	°C/W
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114	4	kV
		Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	2	

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

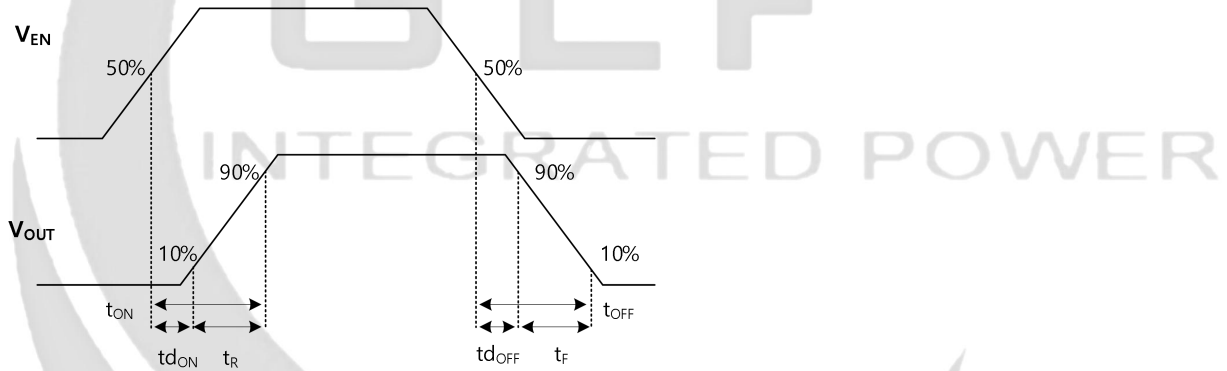
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Supply Voltage	0.6	5.5	V
$V_{BIAS}$	Bias Voltage	2.5	5.5	V
$T_A$	Ambient Operating Temperature	-40	+85	°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Per Channel)**
 $V_{IN} = 0.6\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{BIAS} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ . Unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
<b>Basic Operation</b>							
I <sub>Q_BIAS</sub>	V <sub>BIAS</sub> Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN1,2</sub> = V <sub>EN1,2</sub> = V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5 V I <sub>OUT1,2</sub> = 0 mA, Both Channels		18	24	μA	
		V <sub>IN1,2</sub> = V <sub>EN1</sub> = V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>EN2</sub> = 0 V I <sub>OUT1,2</sub> = 0 mA, Single Channel		15	20		
I <sub>SD_BIAS</sub>	V <sub>BIAS</sub> Shutdown Current Both Channels	V <sub>EN1,2</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>OUT1,2</sub> = 0 V		1	2	μA	
I <sub>SD_VIN1,2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> Shutdown Current	V <sub>IN1,2</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>EN1&amp;2</sub> = V <sub>IN2,1</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V		8	30	nA	
		V <sub>IN1,2</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>EN1&amp;2</sub> = V <sub>IN2,1</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V		5			
		V <sub>IN1,2</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>EN1&amp;2</sub> = V <sub>IN2,1</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V		4			
		V <sub>IN1,2</sub> = 0.6 V, V <sub>EN1&amp;2</sub> = V <sub>IN2,1</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V		3			
R <sub>ON</sub>	On-Resistance	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		19	25	mΩ
			T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C <sup>(3)</sup>		26		
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		19	24	
			T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C <sup>(3)</sup>		25		
	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		19	24		
	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.6 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		18	24		
R <sub>DSC</sub>	Output Discharge Resistance <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 V		200		Ω	
V <sub>IH</sub>	EN Input Logic High Voltage	V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 2.5 V		1.3		V	
		V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5.5 V		2.1			
V <sub>IL</sub>	EN Input Logic Low Voltage	V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 2.5 V			0.7	V	
		V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5.5 V			1.4		
I <sub>EN1,2</sub>	EN Pin Leakage	GLF1401			1.5	μA	
		GLF1403			30	nA	
TSD	Thermal Shutdown	30 °C Hysteresis		140		°C	
<b>Switching Characteristics</b> <sup>(2), (3)</sup>							
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-On Time	GLF1401 V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.6 V, V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5 V R <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 Ω, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1 μF, C <sub>SR</sub> = 1 nF		700		μs	
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time			2.3			
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time			340			
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time			2			
t <sub>dON</sub>	Turn-On Delay		360				
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-On Time	GLF1401 V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5 V R <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 Ω, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1 μF, C <sub>SR</sub> = 1 nF		2370			
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time			2.3			
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time			1970			
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time			2			
t <sub>dON</sub>	Turn-On Delay		400				
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-On Time	GLF1401 V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 3.3 V R <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 Ω, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1 μF, C <sub>SR</sub> = 1 nF		1796			
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time			2.3			
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time			1397			
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time			1.6			
t <sub>dON</sub>	Turn-On Delay		399				

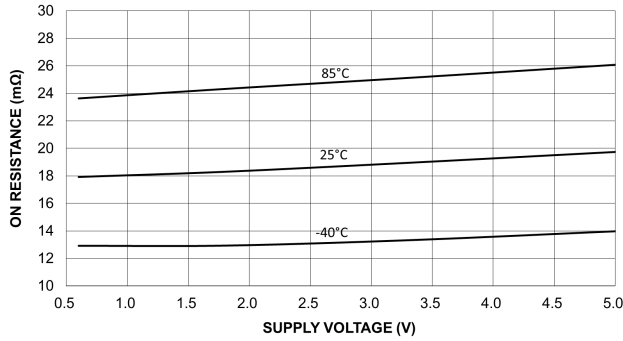
$t_{ON}$	Turn-On Time	GLF1403 $V_{IN} = 0.6\text{ V}$ , $V_{EN} = V_{BIAS} = 5\text{ V}$ $R_{OUT} = 10\ \Omega$ , $C_{OUT} = 0.1\ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{SR} = 1\ \text{nF}$	469	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{OFF}$	Turn-Off Time		2.4	
$t_R$	$V_{OUT}$ Rise Time		221	
$t_F$	$V_{OUT}$ Fall Time		1.8	
$t_{dON}$	Turn-On Delay		248	
$t_{ON}$	Turn-On Time	GLF1403 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{BIAS} = 5\text{ V}$ $R_{OUT} = 10\ \Omega$ , $C_{OUT} = 0.1\ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{SR} = 1\ \text{nF}$	1265	
$t_{OFF}$	Turn-Off Time		2.4	
$t_R$	$V_{OUT}$ Rise Time		1002	
$t_F$	$V_{OUT}$ Fall Time		1.9	
$t_{dON}$	Turn-On Delay		263	
$t_{ON}$	Turn-On Time	GLF1403 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ V}$ $R_{OUT} = 10\ \Omega$ , $C_{OUT} = 0.1\ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{SR} = 1\ \text{nF}$	1035	
$t_{OFF}$	Turn-Off Time		2.3	
$t_R$	$V_{OUT}$ Rise Time		774	
$t_F$	$V_{OUT}$ Fall Time		1.6	
$t_{dON}$	Turn-On Delay		261	

- Notes:** 1. Output discharge path is enabled during off.  
 2.  $t_{ON} = t_{dON} + t_R$ ,  $t_{OFF} = t_{dOFF} + t_F$ .  
 3. By design; characterized, not production tested.

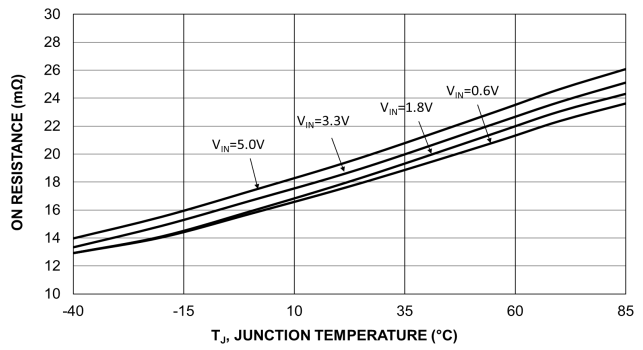


**Figure 3. Timing Diagram**

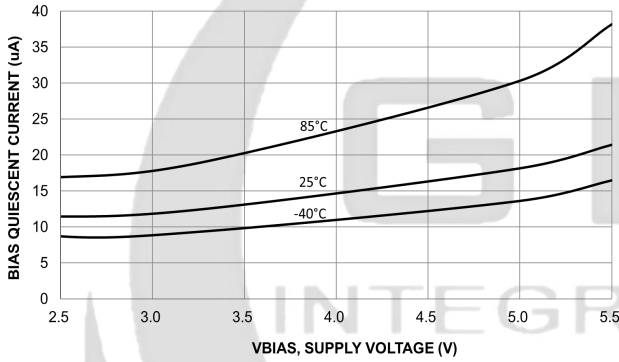
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Per Single Channel)**



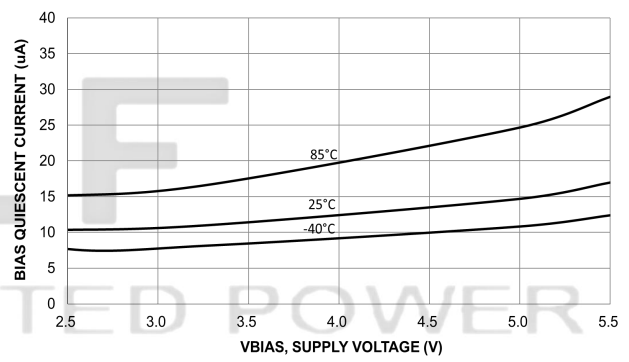
**Figure 4. On-Resistance vs. Supply Voltage**  
 $V_{BIAS} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 200\text{ mA}$



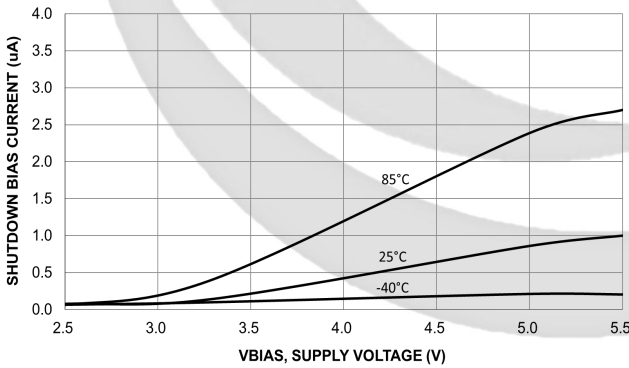
**Figure 5. On-Resistance vs. Temperature**  
 $V_{BIAS} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 200\text{ mA}$



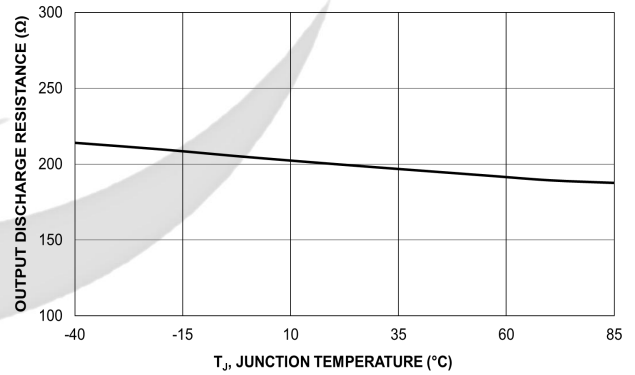
**Figure 6. Quiescent Current vs.  $V_{BIAS}$  (Both Channel)**  
 $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{BIAS}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$



**Figure 7. Quiescent Current vs.  $V_{BIAS}$  (Single Channel)**  
 $V_{IN} = V_{BIAS}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$



**Figure 8.  $V_{BIAS}$  Shutdown Current (Both Channel)**  
 $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EN1} = V_{EN} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$



**Figure 9. Output Discharge Resistance vs. Temperature**

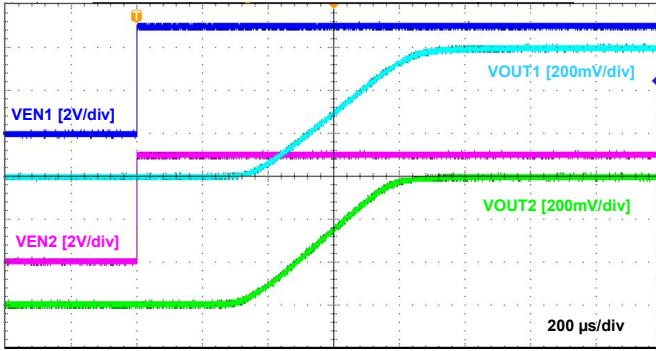


Figure 10. Turn-On Response, GLF1401

$V_{IN}=0.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

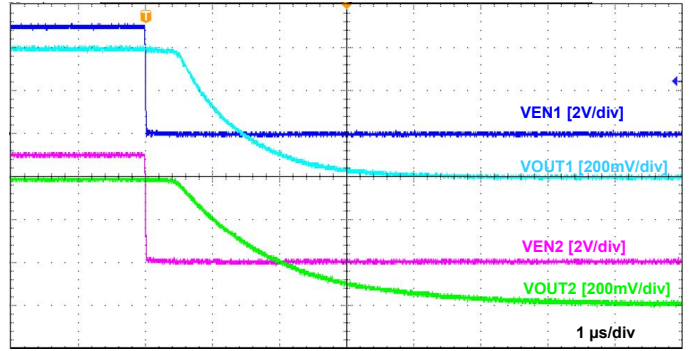


Figure 11. Turn-Off Response, GLF1401

$V_{IN}=0.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

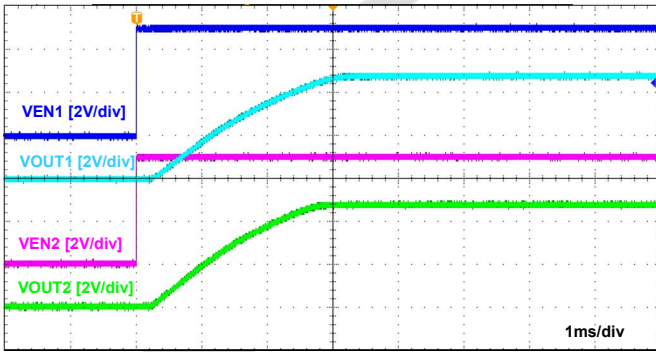


Figure 12. Turn-On Response, GLF1401

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

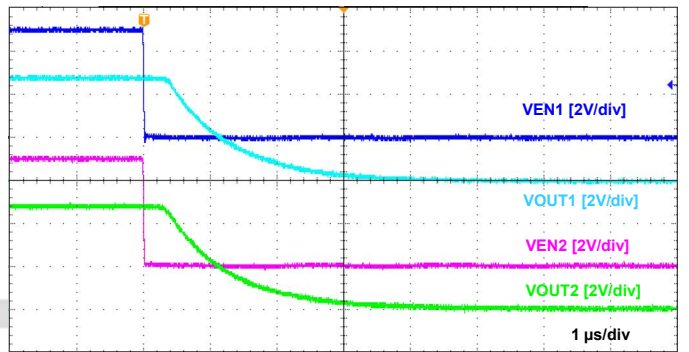


Figure 13. Turn-Off Response, GLF1401

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

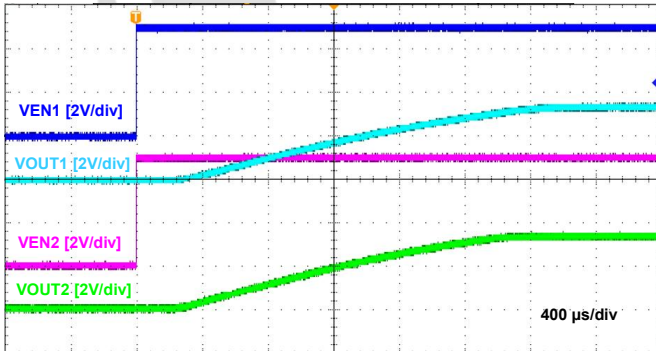


Figure 14. Turn-On Response, GLF1401

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

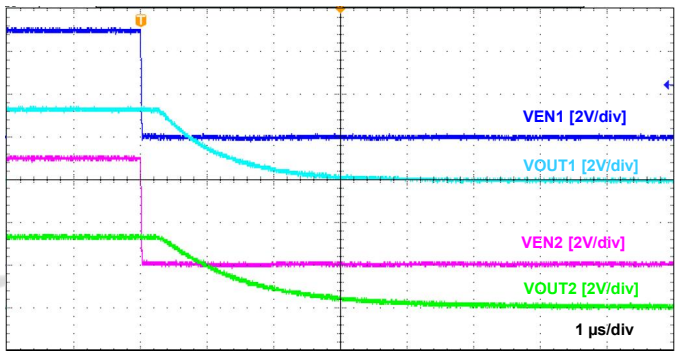


Figure 15. Turn-Off Response, GLF1401

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

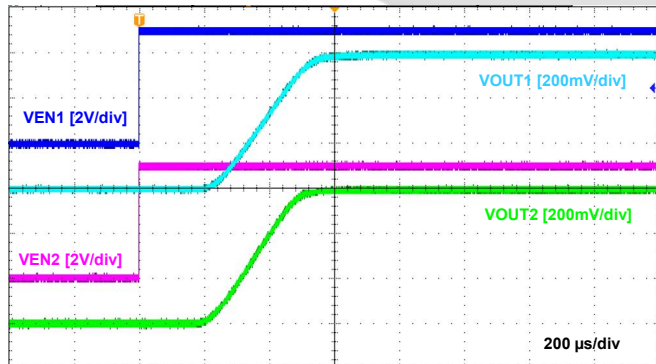


Figure 16. Turn-On Response, GLF1403

$V_{IN}=0.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

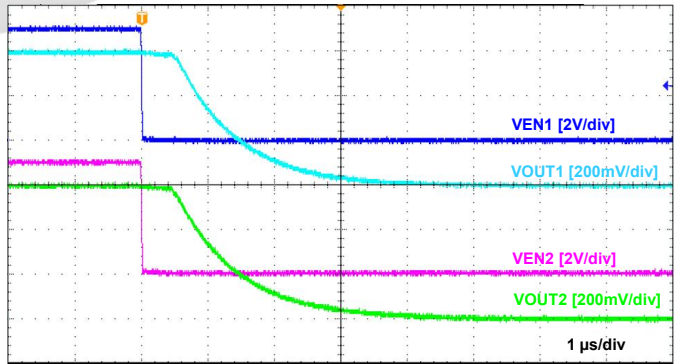
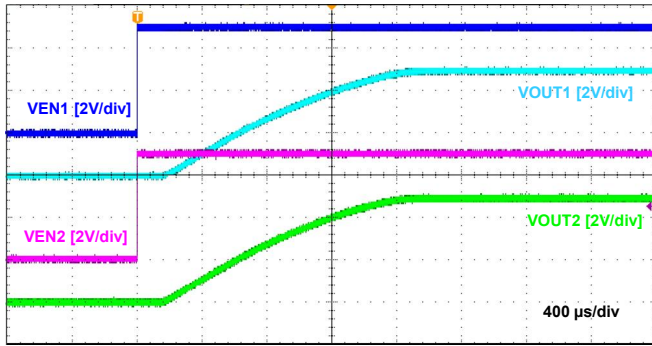


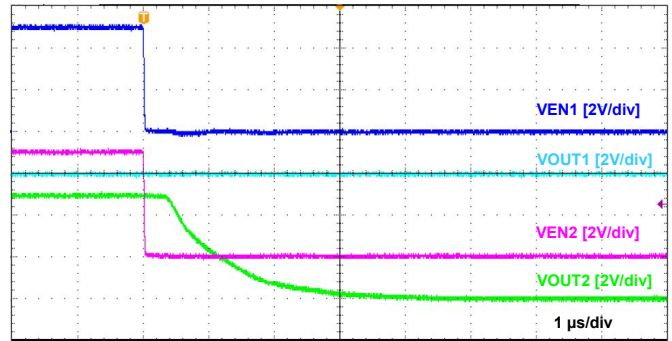
Figure 17. Turn-Off Response, GLF1403

$V_{IN}=0.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$



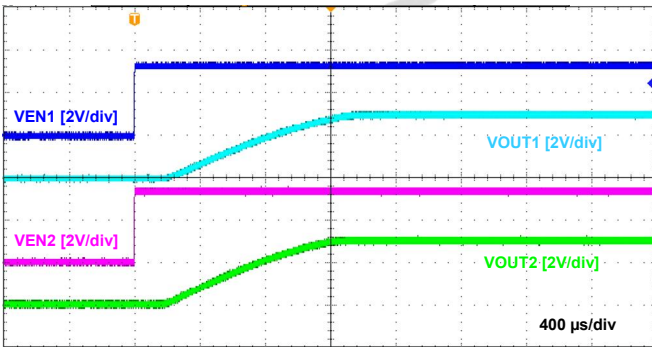
**Figure 18. Turn-On Response, GLF1403**

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$



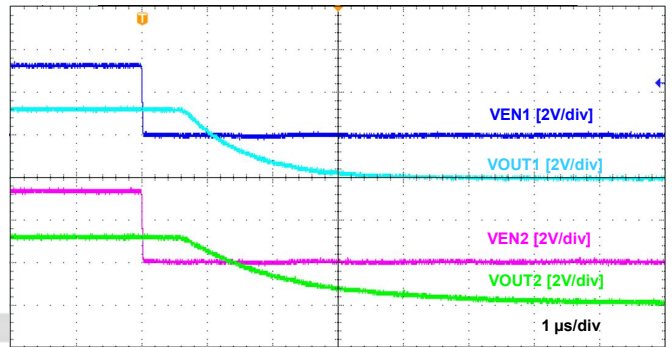
**Figure 19. Turn-Off Response, GLF1403**

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$



**Figure 20. Turn-On Response, GLF1403**

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$



**Figure 21. Turn-Off Response, GLF1403**

$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{SR}=1\text{ nF}$ ,  $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

The GLF1401 / GLF1403 is a 6 A fully integrated load switch with the VariRise™ programmable slew rate control to limit the inrush current during turn on. Each device is capable of operating over a wide input range which from 0.6 V to 5.5 V with very low on-resistance to reduce conduction loss. At off state, these devices consume very low leakage current to avoid unwanted standby current and save limited input power supply.

### Programmable Slew Rate of Output Voltage

An external capacitor between the SR and GND pin sets the output voltage slew rate of each channel individually. The SR pin is not recommended to be open. The table 1 and table 2 can also be used to choose  $C_{SR}$  value quickly.

$C_{SR}$ (pF)	Input Voltage, $V_{IN}$						
	$V_{EN}=V_{BIAS}=5\text{ V}$ , $C_{OUT}=0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , $C_{IN}=1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , $R_L=10\text{ }\Omega$ , $T_A=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$						
	5 V	3.3 V	1.8 V	1.5 V	1.2 V	1.05 V	0.6 V
0	265	214	157	138	113	100	71
220	597	450	297	260	207	192	120
470	870	613	448	390	298	300	173
1000	1970	1378	860	755	571	540	340
2200	3386	2538	1579	1358	1045	1022	580
4700	8477	5994	3587	2986	2234	2240	1234
10000	15130	11200	6994	5845	4343	4167	2498

**Table 1. GLF1401  $V_{OUT}$  Rise Time (us) vs.  $C_{SR}$**



C <sub>SR</sub> (pF)	Input Voltage, V <sub>IN</sub>						
	V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 5 V, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1 μF, C <sub>IN</sub> = 1 μF, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 Ω, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C						
	5 V	3.3 V	1.8 V	1.5 V	1.2 V	1.05 V	0.6 V
0	158	140	97	96	83	71	54
220	371	304	194	175	149	132	91
470	554	446	274	237	215	185	128
1000	1002	809	480	429	395	340	221
2200	2262	1762	1074	922	818	683	457
4700	4291	3395	2013	1743	1538	1324	846
10000	9495	7317	4402	3628	3296	2789	1840

**Table 2. GLF1403 V<sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time (us) vs. C<sub>SR</sub>**

## Input and Output Capacitor

A minimum 0.1 μF input capacitor is recommended to be placed close to the V<sub>IN</sub> pin to reduce the voltage drop on the input power rail caused by transient inrush current at start-up. A higher input capacitor value can be used to further attenuate the input voltage drop. Also, a minimum 0.1 μF output capacitor is recommended to minimize voltage undershoot on the output pin during the transition when the switch is turned off. Undershoot can be caused by parasitic inductance from board traces or intentional load inductances. If load inductances do exist, use of an output capacitor can improve output voltage stability and system reliability. The C<sub>OUT</sub> capacitor should be placed close to the V<sub>OUT</sub> and GND pins.

## EN pin

The GLF1401 / GLF1403 can be activated by EN pin high. Note that the EN pin of the GLF1401 has an internal pull-down resistor that maintains a reliable status without EN signal applied from an external controller. The EN pin of the GLF1403 doesn't have this resistor. V<sub>EN</sub> is recommended to be same as V<sub>BIAS</sub> or no more than 1 V lower to keep a low V<sub>BIAS</sub> quiescent current (I<sub>Q, BIAS</sub>).

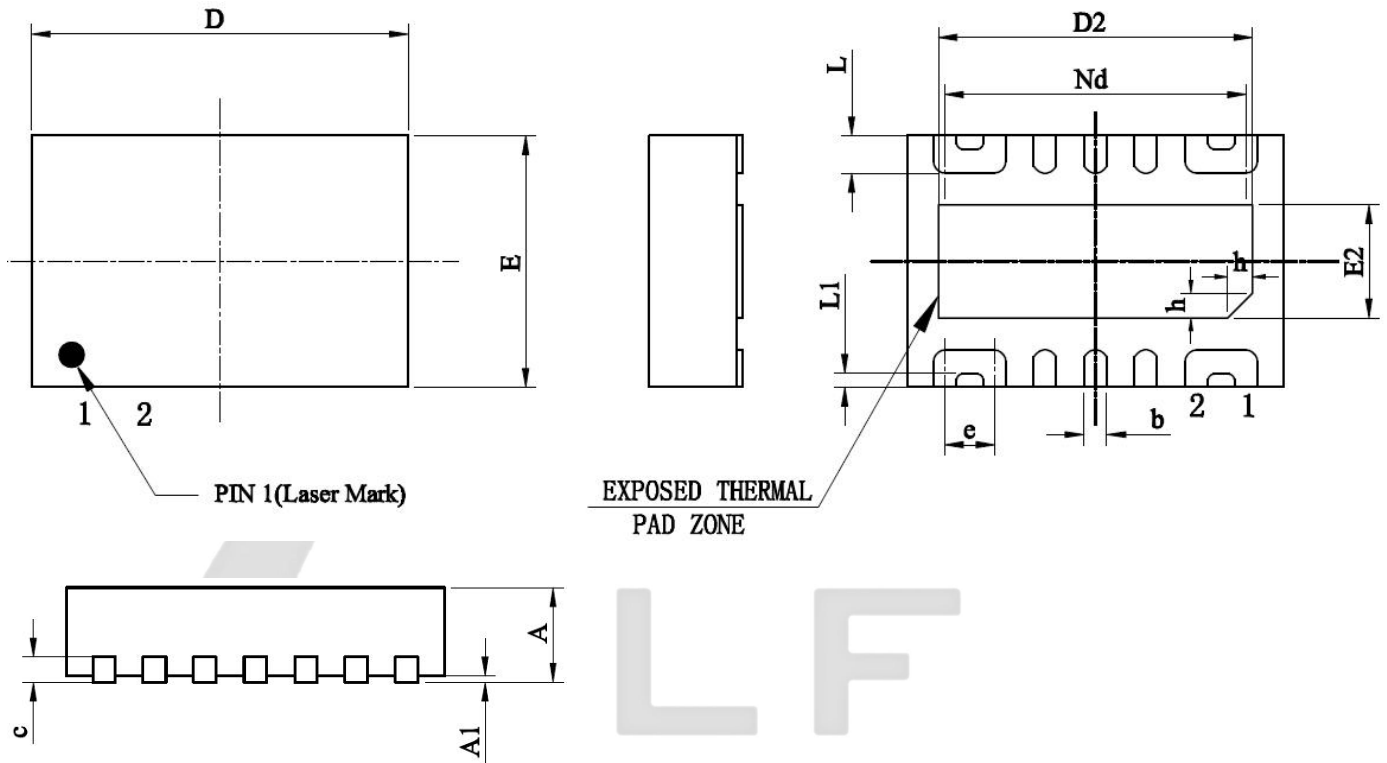
## Output Discharge Function

When the EN signal of the GLF1401 / GLF1403 turns into an off state, the N-channel switch turns on to discharge an output capacitor quickly.

## Board Layout

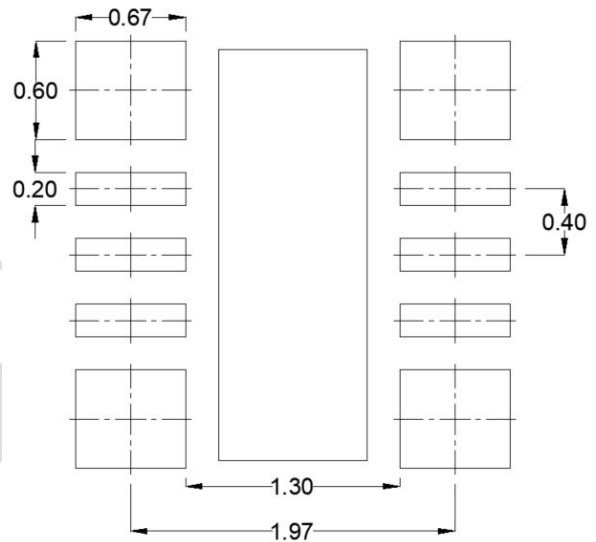
All traces should be as short as possible to minimize parasitic inductance effect. Wide traces for V<sub>IN</sub>, V<sub>OUT</sub> and GND reduce parasitic effects at dynamic operations and improve thermal performance at high load current. Thermal vias under the exposed thermal pad of the GLF1401 / GLF1403 enhances power dissipation along with a ground plane.

**PACKAGE OUTLINE**



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.01	0.02	0.05
b	0.13	0.18	0.23
c	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	2.95	3.00	3.05
D2	2.45	2.50	2.55
e	0.40BSC		
Nd	2.40BSC		
E	1.95	2.00	2.05
E2	0.85	0.90	0.95
L	0.25	0.30	0.35
L1	0.06	0.11	0.16
h	0.20REF		

**Recommended Footprint**





**SPECIFICATION DEFINITIONS**

Document Type	Meaning	Product Status
Target Specification	This is a target specification intended to support exploration and discussion of critical needs for a proposed or target device. Spec limits including typical, minimum, and maximum values are desired, or target, limits. GLF reserves the right to change limits at any time without warning or notification. A target specification in no way guarantees future production of the device in question.	Design / Development
Preliminary Specification	This is a draft version of a product specification. The specification is still under internal review and subject to change. GLF reserves the right to change the specification at any time without warning or notification. A preliminary specification in no way guarantees future production of the device in question.	Qualification
Product Specification	This document represents the anticipated production performance characteristics of the device.	Production

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